

FRIANYL® A3 E GF25 V0E OR 2003 (PRELIMINARY)

Polyamide 66 compound, 25% glass fiber reinforced, heat resistant, based on flame retardants halogen and red phosphorous free.

Designed for Electrical applications requiring self-extinguishing properties combined with good mechanical performances, low blooming and corrosion, this grade meets the most stringent safety requirements for insulating materials. Suitable for EV high voltage applications.

Product information

Part Marking Code	>(PA66+PA6)-GF25 FR(40)<	ISO 11469
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Rheological properties

Moulding shrinkage range, parallel	0.3 - 0.6 %	ISO 294-4, 2577
Moulding shrinkage range, normal	0.6 - 0.9 %	ISO 294-4, 2577

Typical mechanical properties

	dry/cond.		
Tensile Modulus	9000 /-	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Stress at break, 5mm/min	120 /-	MPa	ISO 527-1/-2
Strain at break, 5mm/min	3.5 /-	%	ISO 527-1/-2
Charpy impact strength, 23°C	60 /-	kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy impact strength, -30°C	50 /-	kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	7.8 /-	kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	5 /-	kJ/m ²	ISO 179/1eA

Thermal properties

Melting temperature, 10°C/min	260 °C	ISO 11357-1/-3
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Flammability

Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn.	V-0 class	UL 94
Burning Behav. at thickness h	V-0 class	UL 94
Thickness tested	0.75 mm	UL 94
UL recognition	yes	UL 94
Glow Wire Flammability Index, 0.75mm	960 °C	IEC 60695-2-12
Glow Wire Flammability Index, 2mm	960 °C	IEC 60695-2-12
Glow Wire Flammability Index, 3mm	960 °C	IEC 60695-2-12
FMVSS Class	SE	ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)

Electrical properties

	dry/cond.		
Volume resistivity	>1E13 /-	Ohm.m	IEC 62631-3-1
Surface resistivity	>1E13 /-	Ohm	IEC 62631-3-2
Electric strength	40 /-	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1
Comparative tracking index	Group I		IEC 60112
Comparative tracking index	PLC 0 /-	PLC	UL 746A

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Other properties

Humidity absorption, 2mm	1.4 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Water absorption, 2mm	4.6 %	Sim. to ISO 62
Density	1370 kg/m ³	ISO 1183

Characteristics

Additives	Flame retardant, Non-halogenated/Red phosphorous free flame retardant
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Additional information

Injection molding	The following conditions apply to a standard injection molding process. Machine temperatures: barrel 265-290°C (PA66), 235-270°C (PA6), nozzle and hot runners up to 300°C (up to 290°C products with flame retardants). Mold temperatures: 60-80°C, (80-100°C highly reinforced grades). Back pressure: typically, 5-10 bar (hydraulic pressure). Temperatures exceeding 300°C and long residence time could lead to additives degradation and brittleness of the material. In case of gas generation in the melt, please verify moisture content and processing temperatures. Usage of regrind is possible depending on the molded part characteristics. For further details, please refer to the document 'Instructions for injection molding' or contact our technical support team.
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Processing Texts

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Injection molding Preprocessing	PA materials, stocked in a moisture-proof packaging, can be processed without drying; however, it is always recommended drying the product that comes from a large package (e.g. Octabin). The moisture content suggested for the injection molding process should be lower than 0.15%, according to the grade and to the molded part characteristics. The materials containing flame retardants should have moisture content below 0.10%. Red phosphorous containing grades must always be dried below 0.08%. The drying time depends on the moisture content and the drying conditions. Typically, 4-8 hours at 80-90°C using dehumidified air (dew point of -20°C) are suitable conditions for a starting moisture content of 0.20%-0.40%.
Injection molding Postprocessing	PA materials reach their final performance with a water content of about 1.5 to

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3.5% by weight, depending on the type. This percentage corresponds to the point of equilibrium between the rates of absorption and desorption of moisture. After molding, in favorable environmental conditions, a part can quickly absorb moisture up to 0.5-1.0%, while the equilibrium will be reached during its life. A conditioning treatment can accelerate further the initial water absorption of the molded parts. Conditioning is usually carried out in hot and humid environment (for example 50°C, 100% RH), inside climatic chambers. Slight dimensional variations (increase in volume due to the water absorbed) must be considered, especially in unfilled grades. Post-treatments of parts may also include the annealing (60-80°C in oven, up to four hours). This procedure can be useful to relax any internal stresses.
